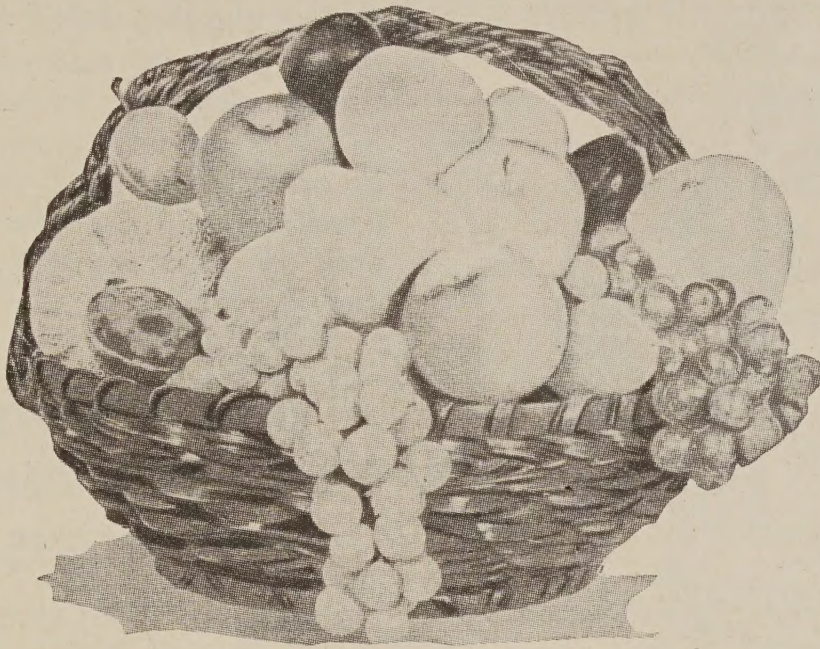


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KIMBERLY NURSERIES

CATALOG FOR 1946



KIMBERLY, IDAHO

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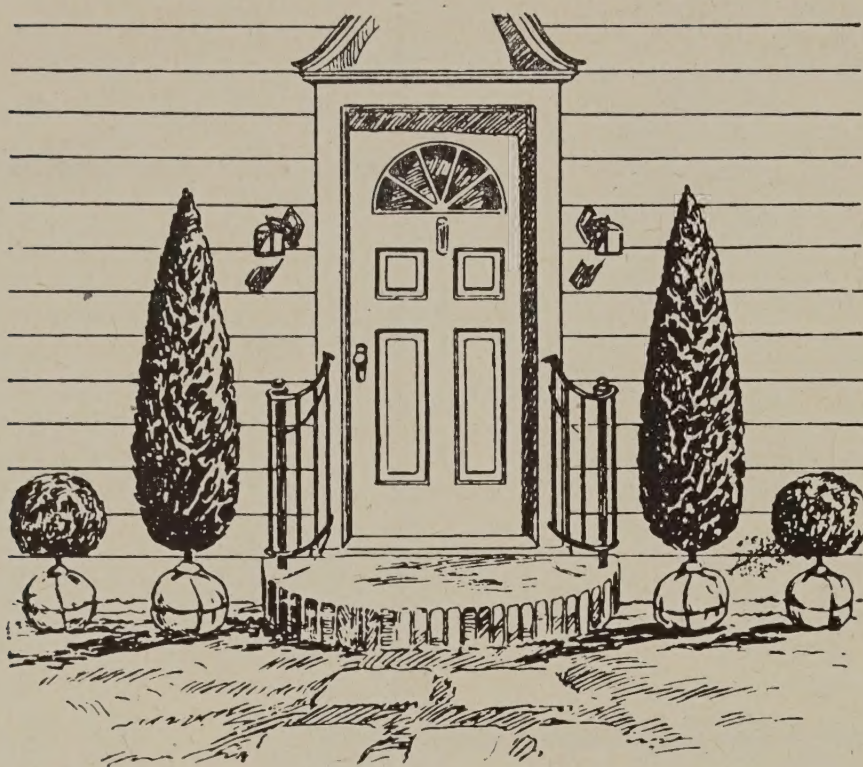
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Since 1907

LANDSCAPING WITH EVERGREENS



Evergreen Foundation Planting

Before digging holes it is a good plan to arrange the trees in position. Sometimes, in this way, an improvement in arrangement will suggest itself. Move the trees around until the most attractive setting is found.

SUGGESTIONS FOR GROWING EVERGREENS

BALLED and BURLAPPED — trees are dug from nursery soil with earth remaining undisturbed about the roots. The earth ball is wrapped in burlap and tied with a rope.

This insures safe handling and less shock to the trees in transplanting.

SOIL — A loose sandy loam, well drained is best. Subsoil taken from excavating basements should be replaced with good top soil.

PEAT MOSS — is the greatest reservoir known for retaining moisture in the soil. We recommend mixing peat with soil at the rate of one-fourth peat moss and three-fourths good top soil. Mix this together thoroughly and use to fill in when planting Evergreens. Very helpful where soil is heavy and packs hard.

FERTILIZER — Ordinarily Evergreens do well in our volcanic ash soil without the addition of fertilizer, however, applications of well composted cattle manure or commercial fertilizers containing nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash are beneficial in producing a better color. Fertilizers, organic and mineral, should be applied in the fall, around the plants and hoed into the soil, never coming into direct contact with the roots.

WATERING — When planting, soak thoroughly. Sprinkling the top 2 or 3 inches of the soil does more harm than good. Remove the sprinkler from your hose, cut the stream down until the ground absorbs the water and is soaked thoroughly to a depth of 18 inches. Water in this manner until the ground freezes in the fall. Start to water early in the spring as it is our cold, drying winds in March and April that do so much damage. More plants die from lack of thorough watering than any other cause.

CULTIVATION — Between watering keep a layer of good loose earth several inches deep around the plants. This not only conserves the moisture, keeps the weeds and grasses down but greatly improves the appearance of your planting.

SHEARING — is suggested to keep Evergreens within certain limits of size. This is not harmful to the plants and can be done at any time, thus keeping your Evergreen planting attractive for many years.

A wide range of type and foilage in Evergreens can be found in our freshly dug, high altitude grown plants for Specimens, Entrance and Foundation plantings, Drives, Formal Gardens, Borders, Outdoor living rooms, Hedges, Window boxes, Windbreaks, etc.

BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREEN SHRUBS



BARBERRY (Julianae) — One of the best upright, hardy, evergreen Barberries. The leaves are large, foliage heavy and the thorns which are long and yellow, are well hidden by the deep green foliage. 12-18 inch, \$3.00 each.

COTONEASTER (Horizontalis) — A low spreading shrub carrying small glossy, green leaves. Covered in April with masses of tiny pink flowers followed in fall with brilliant scarlet berries. 15-18 inch, \$3.00 each.

DAPHNE CNOERUM (Garland Flower) — A popular, hardy plant, with closely set, glossy, narrow leaves. Blooms in May in round clusters of bright pink fragrant blossoms. Borne in great profusion. 12-15 inch, \$2.50 each.

EUONYMUS (Japonicus) — An upright, dense grower, with thick shining oval dark green leaves. Very attractive. 18-24 inch, \$3.50 each.

HOLLY (English) — The well known red-berried variety with beautiful waxy, dark green, spiny leaves. At this elevation should be planted in a sheltered location. 24-30 inches, \$7.50 each.

MAHONIA (Oregon Grape) — A beautiful evergreen shrub with smooth, glossy Holly leaves. Bright yellow flowers in large clusters in May, followed by dark blue berries throughout the summer. The leaf color varies throughout the year, assuming all shades of green, red and bronze. 15-18 inch, \$3.00 each; 18-24 inch, \$4.00 each.

PYRACANTHA (Lalandi) — A beautiful evergreen shrub of great popularity. Upright in growth. Bearing in great profusion a quantity of small flowers followed by a mass of bright orange-red berries in early fall, which remain on the plant until spring. Bright green foliage. 18-24 inch, \$4.00 each.

VIBURNUM (Burkwoodi) — A spreading evergreen shrub growing around 4-5 ft. high, covered in the early spring with large clusters of delightfully fragrant pink and white bloom. Often referred to as the pink flowering Snowball. 18-24 inch, \$3.50 each.

EVERGREENS

Arbor Vitae

ARBOR VITAE (Berckmann's Golden) — The most popular dwarf Arbor Vitae. Compact, fresh green foliage golden tipped. Will grow slightly upright or easily sheared globular. The color note of many foundation plantings. 15-18 inch, \$3.50 each; 18-24 inch, \$4.50 each.

ARBOR VITAE (Globosa) — Forms a natural globe up to three feet in diameter. Foliage softer and slightly darker than other varieties. Of compact, even, regular shape. 18-24 inch, \$4.50 each.

ARBOR VITAE (Pyramidal) — Forms a tall slender column of dark green. Is extensively used in the Foundation Planting. 30-36 inch, \$6.00; 3-4 ft., \$7.50 each.

Spreading Junipers

JUNIPER (Andorra) — It is of low spreading habit, 15-18 inches in height but spreading out to considerable distance. Summer color grayish-green but as soon as the frost comes in the fall it takes on an attractive purple-plum color distinct from other evergreens. 15-18 inch, \$3.00 each.

JUNIPER (Pfitzer's) — Probably the most popular spreading Evergreen for this country because it thrives well in any location. Attaining a height of approximately 4 ft., spread 5-6 ft. 18-24 inch, \$4.00; 24-30 inch, \$4.50 each.

JUNIPER (Improved Pfitzer) — Similar to the common kind but having the advantage of more compact, lower growth and finer foliage of a brighter green. 18-24 inch, \$4.00; 24-30 inch, \$4.50 each.

JUNIPER (Glauca Hetzi) — Habit of growth similar to common Pfitzer's with a very attractive blue cast. 24-30 inches, \$6.00 each.

JUNIPER (Savin) — A half-erect or partly spreading, fanlike shape with rich, unchanging dark green foliage. 2-3 ft. in height, 3-4 ft. in spread at maturity. 18-24 inch, \$4.50 each.

JUNIPER (Tamariscifolia) — One of the most beautiful low growing spreading Junipers. Especially desirable where space is limited. It is a smaller and more compact grower than Pfitzer's, attaining a height of 1½-2 feet and spread of about 4 feet. A dense, metallic blue-green foliage of uniform habit. 18-24 inch, \$4.50 each.

JUNIPER (Waukegan) — The steel-blue foliage is soft and flexible, produces a solid thick mat completely covering the ground. Habit of growth very low with a large spread. 18-24 inches, \$3.50; 24-30 inches, \$4.50 each.

Pyramidal Junipers

JUNIPER (Cannarti) — The deepest, richest green color of all pyramidal Junipers. Foliage plume-like and fine. May be sheared and maintained at any desired size. 30-36 inch, \$7.50 each.

JUNIPER (Chinese) — Upright growth, gray-green needle-like foliage, symmetrical and compact, very hardy. 3-4 ft., \$7.50; 4-5 ft., \$8.50; 5-6 ft., \$10.00.

JUNIPER (Greek) — This variety is narrow and columnar in growth. Foliage is spiny and of a glaucous color. Slow grower, seldom attaining a height of 5 ft. 18-24 inch, \$5.00 each.

JUNIPER (Hill Dundee) — A medium-growing compact pyramidal Juniper. Desirable for its striking purple-plum color during the winter. 30-36 inch, \$7.50 each.

JUNIPER (Meyeri) — A Juniper of marked individuality. Has a dense, heavy growth, which shapes up in plume-like branches of erect irregular growth. Foliage is of a most fascinating green-blue-plum color and different from most plants. Forms a harmony with other evergreen shades and colors that cannot be surpassed. Introduced from China. Hardy. 24-30 inch, \$8.00 each.

JUNIPER (Scopulorum) — Bright blue-green foliage, symmetrical pyramidal

grower, very hardy. Choice sheared specimens, 3-4 ft., \$6.00; 4-5 ft., \$7.50; 5-6 ft., \$10.00 each.

JUNIPER (Virginiana) — Upright growth with dark bluish green foliage, turning purple cast during winter. May be sheared to any desired form. Very hardy. 30-36 inch, \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$6.00; 4-5 ft., \$7.50 each.

Pine

PINE (Mugho) — This variety does not have one main stem or trunk, but numerous stems which branch out close to the ground, spreading horizontally and then turning upward in even, regular growth. Habit of growth is dense and the plants are thickly covered with heavy, dark green needles. By shearing it can be kept as small as desired. Choice specimens 18-24 inch, \$4.50; 24-30 inch, \$6.00 each.

Spruce

SPRUCE (Colorado) — Tall, very symmetrical, cone shaped tree with stiff green-blue needles. 2-3 ft., \$6.00; 3-4 ft., \$8.00 each.

SPRUCE (Norway) — A lofty, noble tree. Very popular for grouping and specimen planting. Foliage is rich dark green. 2-3 ft., \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$6.00 each.

Yew

No family of Evergreens has created such interest in recent years as the Yews. The reason lies in the outstanding merit of the tree in richness of color, which is a waxy, deep blackish green maintained at all seasons; the variation of form, the ease of trimming, the thriftiness of growth and the adaptability to various soils and planting locations. The Yews are thoroughly at home in sun or shade. Another highly prized feature of the Yews is their scarlet berries which frequently are borne in great abundance. We are proud to offer for this season two varieties which we consider outstanding.

YEW (Cuspidata) — Popular spreading variety. 24-30 inch specimens, \$7.50 ea.

YEW (Hicksi) — Upright and slender in growth. 3-4 ft. specimens, \$12.50 each.

Evergreens are difficult to ship satisfactorily and whenever possible we invite you to call at the Nursery and personally select your plants.

ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES

ASH (Blue) — We proudly offer this tree, which is exclusively grown by us, as one of the very best shade trees for our inter-mountain country. Its habit of growth is upright, compact and so uniform and symmetrical that it serves as an ornamental tree as well as a shade tree. It is a hard wood tree of reasonably fast growth, under favorable conditions making 2-3 ft. of growth annually. It is resistant to chlorosis or yellows and is as disease free as any tree we know. Propagated from male trees only, it does not produce seeds. We have observed this tree carefully for over 10 years and unhesitatingly recommend it without qualification. 6-7 ft. branched, \$3.00; 7-8 ft. branched, \$3.50; 8-9 ft. branched, \$4.00 each.

ASH (Green) — Shapely rounded top with dark green foliage. A good tree for high altitudes. 6-8 ft., \$1.50; 8-10 ft., \$2.00 each.

ASH (Mountain) — Small growing ornamental tree. Clusters of creamy white flowers in June followed by deep dark orange berries turning red in the fall. Splendid lawn tree. Pyramidal habit of growth. 4-6 ft., \$2.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.50.



BIRCH (Cut-leaf Weeping)—Possibly the

most beautiful ornamental tree grown. The main trunk, with its snow-white bark, grows straight as an arrow. Foliage is fine and deeply cut. Our experience has shown that smaller sizes transplant more readily. Hence we offer only the following sizes: 5-6 ft., \$2.50; 6-8 ft., \$3.00; 8-10 ft., \$4.00.

BIRCH (European) — Tall, upright, distinctive white bark. Good shade, effectively used in clusters. 5-6 ft., \$2.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.50; 8-10 ft., \$3.00 each.

CARAGANA — Small ornamental tree, very hardy. Fine foliage, with yellow flowers in June. 4-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.50 each.

CATALPA (Speciosa) — Rapid grower, producing large panicles of fragrant flowers, delicately marked with violet and yellow. 6-8 ft., \$2.00 each.

CRAB (Bechtel's Double Flowering) — Hardy, of medium size, covered in early spring with large, beautiful, fragrant flowers; resembling small double pink roses. Ideal for a small yard. 3-4 ft., \$1.50; 4-5 ft., \$2.00 each.

CRAB (Hopa) — A beautiful, upright growing tree with attractive foliage. Entirely covered with crimson buds opening to rose colored flowers in April. Fruit red inside and out, hanging on until late Autumn. Very hardy and free from disease. 4-5 ft., \$2.25; 5-6 ft., \$2.50.

CRAB (Red Silver) — One of the larger growing Flowering Crabs, producing an abundance of single, scarlet-red flowers in the early spring. Attractive foliage of an unusual pinkish-green throughout the summer. 4-6 ft., \$2.50 each.

ELM (Chinese or Siberian)—A fast growing Elm. Thoroughly hardy and vigorous under the most trying of soil and climatic conditions. It is remarkably resistant to drought and alkali. 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.50; 10-12 ft., \$2.00.

FLW. CHERRY (Kwanzan) — An upright small tree, with branches completely covered with masses of large, double, pink flowers in May. 4-5 ft., \$3.50 each.

FLW. CHERRY (Weeping) — Beautiful specimens, blooming in profuse panicles of deep pink flowers. Very attractive. 5 ft. standards, \$4.00 each.

FLW. PEACH — Simply a mass of blossoms, appearing before the leaves, making an immense bouquet of gorgeous color. Dbl. dark PINK or Dbl. RED. 5-6 ft., \$2.50 each.

FLW. PLUM (Newport) — One of the best colored foliage trees. Single, rosy-white blooms in early spring. Foliage holds its rich wine red color throughout the season. 4-5 ft., \$2.00 each.

HACKBERRY — A valuable shade tree of rapid spreading growth. Limbs seldom broken by wind. Tree appears free from disease and we recommend it for this inter-mountain territory. 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00 each.

HAWTHORNE (Paul's Scarlet) — Very full double red flowers, followed by clusters of bright red berries that remain on the tree the entire winter. Medium height. Hardy. One of our best ornamental trees. 5-6 ft., \$3.00; 7-8 ft., \$4.00 each.

HORSECHESTNUT — This handsome European species has magnificent spikes of white flowers borne in great profusion. Fragrant. Beautiful foliage. 5-6 ft., \$3.00 each.

HORSECHESTNUT (Pink) — Same general habit as above variety, except the blooms, which are a beautiful shade of pink, making it one of the most handsome blooming trees. 5-6 ft., \$6.00 each.

LINDEN (Am.) — A stately tree, tall growing with large glossy leaves. Its flowers appear in yellow drooping clusters. 4-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$2.50 each.

LOCUST (Black) — Rapid growth, valuable for timber as well as ornamental. Flowers in long racemes. White, fragrant, blooms in June. 6-8 ft., \$1.50; 8-10 ft., \$2.00 each.

LOCUST (Globe) — The natural rounded, globe-like top, which requires no pruning, makes this tree unusually attractive. Largely used for parking planting. 6 ft. stems, 2 yr. heads, \$3.00 each.

LOCUST (Honey) — A large vigorous tree with wide spreading branches. Feathery fern-like foliage. 6-8 ft., \$1.50; 8-10 ft., \$2.00 each.

LOCUST (Idaho) — This is the new flowering Locust every one admires. Masses of deep lavender-pink blooms in spring and fall. Tree is upright in growth. Blooms the first year. 5-6 ft., \$2.50 ea.

LOCUST (Thornless Honey) — Same general appearance as common Honey Locust with exception of its absence of thorns. 6-8 ft., \$1.50; 8-10 ft., \$2.00 each.

MAPLE (Purple-leaf Sycamore) — The leaves of this unusual Maple are dark green on top and purple underneath, unchanged throughout the summer, producing a tree of rounded growth and remarkable ornamental beauty,

greatly admired. We highly recommend this tree. 5-6 ft., branched, \$2.50 each.

MAPLE (Norway) — A handsome tree of spreading, rounded form, with shiny deep green leaves. Excellent for parking and lawn planting. 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$2.50 each.

MAPLE (Schwedler's) — Brilliant purplish-red leaves in spring, gradually softening to bronze and then a deep waxy green in summer. A magnificent tree. 6-8 ft., \$3.00 each.

MAPLE (Silver) — A large tree with wide spreading branches, light bark. Very fast grower, makes dense shade. Grows well in most places. 6-8 ft., \$1.25, 8-10 ft., \$1.50 each.

MULBERRY (Russian) — Rapid grower, black fruit, hardy. Rounded top, dense shade. We suggest a few Mulberry planted near cherry trees as birds prefer this fruit to cherries. 4-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.50.

OAK (Red) — One of the most majestic trees we have. The young shoots and leaf stems are red, the foliage purplish-crimson in the autumn. We suggest when planting Oak to use a peat moss mixture as explained on page 2. 6-8 ft., \$4.00 each.

POPLAR (Lombardy) — Grows to great height, narrow and columnar. 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.50 each.

POPLAR (Norway) — Rapid grower, desirable for quick shade. Very hardy. 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.50 each.

RUSSIAN OLIVE — This tree with its grayish green leaves and smooth dark brown bark is a very striking tree for lawn or ornamental planting. Very fragrant small yellow blossoms in spring. Very hardy. 4-6 ft., 75c; 6-7 ft., 1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.50 each.

SYCAMORE (European) — Forms a fine spreading rounded head. Free from disease and pests. Large, dark green leaves. Very rapid grower. 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$2.50 each.

WALNUT (Black) — A magnificent tree attaining great size. Nuts of excellent quality. 4-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.50.

WILLOW (Weeping) — A tree of stately appearance with long slender branches swaying in every breeze. Darker bark with green foliage. 4-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00.

Any of the shade trees in lots of 12 will be charged for at the 10 price, thus giving you two free trees. For larger quantities, write for special prices.

HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Beautify your home with hardy, high altitude grown, Kimberly Nursery Shrubs. Our shrubs are grown under irrigation which insures a fibrous root system, and are all strong, thrifty two and three year old shrubs. They cannot help but give complete satisfaction. Shrubs marked () can be grown in partial shade, but they will also thrive in full exposure to the sun. Letters after varieties indicate approximate height class.*

(L)—low growing

(M)—medium growing

(T)—tall growing

* Almond, Double Flower

The flowers are borne on its slender branches during May and are very fragrant. Double pink or double white. 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each. (M)

* Berberis (Barberry)

JAPANESE BARBERRY (B. Thunbergii) — A round, bushy, dwarf shrub. Hardy everywhere. Bright green foliage in summer turning a brilliant red in fall, with scarlet berries that last way into the winter. Good for sun or shade. 15-18 inch, 75c; 18-24 inch, \$1.00 ea. (L)

RED-LEAVED BARBERRY (B. Thunbergii Atropurpurea) — Habit of growth and berries same as Green Barberry, but foliage develops a rich bronzy red color. Plant in full sun exposure for brightest color. 12-18 inch, 75c; 18-24 inch, \$1.00 each. (L)

* Berberis Mentorensis

U. S. Plant Patent No. 99. This plant is a cross between B. Thunbergii and B. Juliana. A very rugged grower, thrifty and hardy. Foliage is heavy, thick, of perfect color — a green as dark as Yew. 18-24 inch, per 3, \$2.60; per 12, \$7.25.

Buddleia

(Butterfly Bush)

These new varieties of Butterfly Bush are growing in popularity. Plant in full sun for best results. Winter mulching recommended.

CHARMING — Lavender-pink blooms. 2 yr., 75c.

ILE DE FRANCE — Rich reddish-purple. 2 yr., 75c.

ROYAL RED — New, rich, dark royal purple, intensified to almost red. Field grown plants — \$1.00 each.

* Coralberry

CHENAULTI (Improved Coralberry) — New. Glossy green foliage, very dense and compact. Pink flowers in spring followed by red berries in fall and winter. 18-24 inch, 75c each. (M)

VULGARIS (Coralberry) — Small dark green leaves, retaining foliage longest of any deciduous shrub. Dark red berries in late fall. Hardy anywhere. 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., 75c each. (M)

* Chokeberry (Aronia)

ARBUTIFOLIA — Attractive pale green foliage, coloring to vivid red in the fall. White flowers in May are followed by masses of red berries. 18-24 in., 75c. (T)

* Cornus (Dogwood)

RED OZIER — Cream colored flowers in June. Bright red twigs and branches in fall and winter. Good for shade. 2-3 ft., 75c. (T)

* Cotoneaster

PEKING — A shrub with lustrous green foliage, white flowers in June, and followed by black berries. Very hardy. 18-24 inch, 75c; 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each. (M)

DIVARICATA — Handsome shrub bearing pink flowers and red berries. Foliage semi-evergreen. Spreading habit of growth. 18-24 in. spread, \$1.25 ea. (M)



Syringa — (Virginalis)

Cydonia

JAPAN QUINCE (Japonica) — This attractive shrub blooms in May, often before the glossy leaves appear. In bloom it looks almost as if it were a blaze, which sometimes gives it the name "Fire Bush." Likes a sheltered place. 18-24 inch, \$1.00 each. (L)

* Elder

AMERICAN (*Sambucus canadensis*) — Hardy native shrub with white fragrant flowers, June, July, followed by black berries. 18-24 in., 75c each. (T)

CUTLEAF ELDER — Dark green fern-like leaves, finely cut. White flowers, May-June. 2-3 ft., 75c. (T)

GOLDEN ELDER — Hardy, rapid-growing shrub with outstanding yellow foliage, large cream-colored blossoms. 18-24 in., 75c each. (M)

* Euonymus

AMERICANA (*Atropurpurea*) (Strawberry Tree) — American Burning Bush. Very showy. In autumn, loaded with scarlet seed pods, orange-colored berries. 2-3 ft., \$1.25. (T)

Forsythia (Golden Bell)

FORTUNEI — Strong erect habit, bright, bell-shaped golden flowers in early spring. One of the first shrubs to bloom. likes a sheltered location. (H. 8-9 ft., S. 4-5 ft.) 18-24 inch, 75c; 2-3 ft., \$1.00. (T)

* Flowering Plum

PRUNIS TRILOBA — Often called "Rose Tree of China." — A medium tall growing shrub, literally covered in early spring with very double pink flowers. Blooms before the leaves appear. 18-24 inch, \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$1.50 each. (M)

* Honeysuckle (Bush)

(*Lonicera*)

TARTARIAN PINK — Dark pink flowers in early spring, followed by orange berries turning red in summer. Most popular of the bush varieties. One of the first shrubs to leaf out in the spring. Very rapid grower and an excellent screen shrub. 2-3 ft., 75c each. (T)

TARTARIAN YELLOW — Similar to pink, except flowers bloom white turning to dark yellow, followed by orange berries in summer. 2-3 ft., 75c each. (T)

MORROWI — Spreading habit, attractive foliage. White flowers in May and June. Red berries. 18-24 in., 75c each. (M)

Hydrangea

HILLS OF SNOW — Snow-white blooms of large size, flowering in early June until late July. Good shade shrub. 18-24 inch, \$1.00 each. (L)

Kolkwitzia Amabilis

BEAUTY BUSH — Long arching branches — all the merits of a perfect shrub — combines hardiness, beauty of foliage, and amazing profusion of pale pink bell-shaped flowers in June. Do not expect too much bloom for 2 or 3 years, but after that it will bloom annually. 18-24 inch, \$1.00 each. (M)

Lilac

COMMON PURPLE OR WHITE — Large clusters of fragrant purple or white flowers in early spring. Blooms best in full sun. 2-3 ft., 75c. (T)

PERSIAN PURPLE — Habit more open and branches more slender and drooping than Common Lilac. Purple flowers, heavy bloomer. Blooms the second year. 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each. (T)

NEW CHINESE OR ROTHOMAGENSIS — Generally grown and sold for Persian Lilac. Upright, vigorous grower, reddish-purple flowers, April-May. One of the best for general planting on account of its free blooming qualities and hardiness. 18-24 inch, \$1.25 each.

JOSIKAEA (Hungarian Lilac) — The popular Lilac with the dark purple flowers. Upright grower, attractive dark green foliage, blooming in June. 18-24 inch, \$1.50 each.

French Lilacs

Valuable, hardy hybrids. Popular on account of attractive flowers of various color and foliage. 18-24 inch plants, \$2.00 each.

MME. LEMOINE — Double, pure white, large panicles.

PRES. GREVY — Double bluish lilac.

Ninebark

OPULIFOLIUS (Ninebark) — Quick-growing, tall shrub, useful for screens; white flowers followed by bright red fruit in July. 2-3 ft., 75c. (T)

OPULIFOLIUS NANA (Dwarf Ninebark) — Dwarf form. dense growing, attractive white flowers in May-June, followed by red pods. 18-24 in., 75c. (M)

Potentilla

FRUTICOSA — A very attractive low-growing shrub, covered throughout the summer with bright yellow, showy flowers. Very hardy. 10-12 in., 75c each. (L)

* Snowberry

A GRACEFUL SHRUB with slender branches loaded in fall and winter with large clusters of waxy white berries. Excellent for shade. 2-3 ft., 75c each. (M)

* Syringa

SYRINGA (Mock Orange) — The Idaho State Flower. Shrub covered in early spring with delightfully fragrant flowers. Flowers white, dark green foliage. 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each. (T)

SYRINGA (Virginalis) — New double Syringa. One of the most beautiful new shrubs. A vigorous grower, with large, round, double-crested flowers. Pure white and sweetly scented. Blooms twice during the summer. Does well in sun or shade. Plan to plant several this spring. 18-24 inch, 75c; 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each. (M)

Spireas

ANTHONY WATERER — Dwarf, bushy, spreading type. Clusters of rosy crimson flowers in summer. 18-24 inch, 75c each. (L)

ARGUTA — Light green, feathery foliage. Minute, purest white flowers in early spring. The first shrub to bloom. 18-24 in., 75c. (L)

FROEBELI — Leaves are purple when young. Deep rosy blooms are borne in abundance in middle of summer and over a long period. 12-18 in., 75c. (L)

KOREAN — New Spirea discovered in Korea. Flowers similar to Spirea van Houttei, with larger flower heads and blooms a week to 10 days later. Foliage glossy green. 18-24 in., 75c each. (M)

PRUNIFOLIA — Covered in early spring with white, very double, button-like flowers. 18-24 in., 75c each. (M)

SORBIFOLIA — Fern-like foliage, fluffy head of creamy white flowers from June to August. One of the best shade shrubs grown. 18-24 in., 75c each. (M)

THUNBERGIA — Fine, light-green, slender leaves. White flowers in May. Graceful and beautiful at all seasons. 2-3 ft., 75c each. (M)

* Bridal Wreath

This is the most satisfactory shrub in cultivation. The bush is round and graceful with long, thin, arching branches. The white flowers are in clusters and so numerous that, when in full bloom, the shrub is a fountain of white. 2-3 ft., 75c each. (M)

* Sumac

CUT LEAF — Branches are densely covered with velvet-like growth. Deeply cut leaves turning brilliant Autumn colors in the fall. Reddish-purple cones. Excellent for shade. 2-3 ft., 75c ea. (M)

SMOOTH — Of dwarfish habit, producing bunches of crimson berries. August-September. Rich Autumn coloring of leaves. 2-3 ft., 75c each. (T)

* Tamarix

HISPIDA — Feathery-silver foliage. Bright pink flowers. June-July. Remains in bloom longer than other varieties. One of the best. Good for sun or shade. Hardy. 18-24 inch, 75c each. (T)

* Viburnum

HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY — White flowers in June followed by large clusters of large red berries, very dark green foliage. A thrifty shrub. Good for sun or shade. 18-24 in., \$1.00 each. (T)

LANTANA — Attractive gray green foliage. Profuse clusters of flat white flowers in early spring, followed by white, red and black berries appearing in the cluster at the same time. A splendid, hardy, large shrub. Good for sun or shade. 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each. (T)

SNOWBALL — A popular tall-growing shrub. Covered in early spring with masses of pure-white, ball-like flowers. A profuse bloomer. Very hardy. 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each. (T)

Weigela

BRISTOL RUBY — Pat. No. 492. A new hardy variety of Weigela producing ruby-red blooms abundantly in May and intermittently throughout late summer and fall. Blooms nicely first year planted. 15-18 inch, well branched, \$1.00 each. (M)

ROSES

WE OFFER ONLY ONE GRADE OF ROSE — THE BEST 2-YR. NO. 1

Our Roses are hardy, field-grown, strong 3-5 cane plants that will produce blooms abundantly the first year. \$1.25 each.

AMI QUINARD — Blackish crimson buds; semi-double flowers of maroon-red. Vigorous grower.

AUTUMN — Double blooms of orange, yellow and red.

CALEDONIA — Long buds opening to large, double flowers.

CHRISTOPHER STONE — Vivid scarlet, fragrant.

EDITOR McFARLAND — Shapely buds and double, brilliant pink blooms.

E. G. HILL — Lively red with fine fragrance.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE — Great massive blooms of deep velvety-crimson. Vigorous.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI — "The White American Beauty."

GOLDEN DAWN — Bud rich sunflower-yellow flushed old-rose. Double.

GRENOBLE — Long stemmed beautifully shaped blooms of scarlet-crimson.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ — Dark velvety red, heavy bloomer, fine for a rose border.

HINRICH GAEDE — Bright vermillion toned gold; good form; fragrant, a distinct and excellent variety.

JOANNA HILL — Large, yellow with bronze shadings in center. Fragrant and vigorous.

K. A. VICTORIA — Popular, snowy white, double.

MARGARET McGREDY — Full blooms of orange-scarlet.

McGREDY'S IVORY — Creamy-white, fragrant.

McGREDY'S SCARLET — Large brilliant scarlet shaded rose-pink.

McGREDY'S YELLOW — Bright buttercup yellow with perfect form. Fragrant.

MISS ROWENA THOM — Large brilliant satiny pink with gold base. Fragrant.

MRS. SAM McGREDY — A large, long-pointed bud; flower large, double, and



Talisman

in color scarlet-copper-orange, heavily flushed with red on outside of petal. A vigorous grower, disease resistant and prolific bloomer.

PRES. HERBERT HOOVER — Beautifully colored buds and blooms of yellow with pink and flame tints.

SOUTHPORT — Brilliant scarlet.

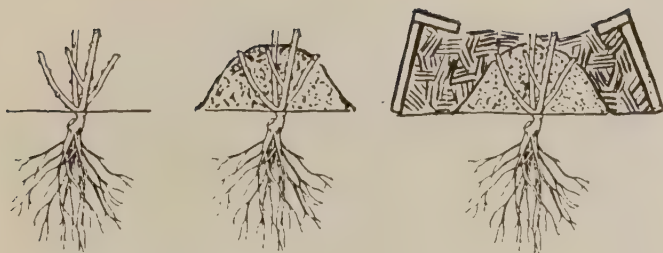
SOUV. de CLAUDIUS PERNET — Beautiful long buds opening to full blooms of rich yellow.

TALISMAN — Glowing golden-yellow stained copper red.

THE DOCTOR — Satiny-pink. Beautiful bud, fragrant.



Joanna Hill



CULTURE

Always dig holes large enough to accommodate the roots without crowding. Set the bud or graft 1 or 2 inches below the surface and use good top soil but **no** fresh fertilizer around the roots. Press the soil firm and water copiously. **Never neglect pruning** the branches down to 6 to 8 inches. Cover the remaining branches with a mound of soil and keep moist. The mound of soil should be worked down gradually as the new shoots appear. A mound of soil covered with leaves or strawy manure is fine for winter protection.

Rose Climbers

2 yr. No. 1 plants. \$1.50 each.

CL. AM. PILLAR — Single rose pink with yellow center. Very striking. Hardy.

CL. AM. BEAUTY — Deep rose pink on long stems.

BLAZE CL. — Patent No. 10. An ever-blooming of the Paul's Scarlet type. Red.

CL. DR. VAN FLEET — Large, shell-pink flowers on individual stems. Glossy green foliage, rapid grower.

CL. FLASH — Pat. No. 396. A climber or Pillar Rose of glowing, vivid, orange-scarlet; center gleaming yellow with golden anthers. Blooms early June and continuing for weeks.

CL. KING MIDAS — Patent No. 586. A free blooming, golden yellow climber with large, double, high centered flowers with good form. The buds are touched with red. Retail for \$1.50 each.

CL. NEW DAWN — Patent No. 1. Ever-blooming, shell pink. Very hardy. Semi-double. Excellent for cutting.

CL. PAUL'S SCARLET — The most popular, hardy, fiery scarlet climber on the market. Blooms are larger and darker red than Blaze Clb.

CL. SILVER MOON — Pure white, yellow stamens, waxy green leaves.

CL. TAUSENDSCHON or 1000 BEAUTIES — Beautiful, large clusters, soft pink to white. Vigorous grower.

RUGOSA or SHRUB ROSES — 2 yr. No. 1 plants. \$1.25 each.

AUSTRIAN COPPER — Single brilliant orange-red, reverse of petals yellow. Very popular.

HARRISON'S YELLOW — Double, dark yellow flowers, closely set along the branches.

GROOTENDORST SUPREME — Foliage dark green and deeply wrinkled. Flowers are double with short ruffled petals of a crimson-red. A constant bloomer throughout the summer and fall. Very attractive for foundation planting or hedges.

ROSA HUGONIS — Delicate single yellow flowers on long, arching sprays early in May.

Everblooming Polyantha Roses

Hardy, everblooming, dwarf habit, specially bred for mass plantings. Permanent, colorful and beautiful. Double blooms are in large clusters. 2 year, \$1.25 each.

CAMEO — Shell pink, salmon to gold.

GLORIA MUNDI — Orange-scarlet.

IDEAL — Dark scarlet. Profuse.

KATHERINE ZEMET — Pure white.

SPARKLER — Brilliant red.

KIRSTEN POULSEN — A very fine ever-blooming Floribunda Rose, especially bred for mass planting. In bloom from June to snow. Foliage a dark green and free from disease. Flowers are single, bright scarlet, in clusters on long stems. Good for cutting and superb as an everblooming hedge.

POULSEN'S YELLOW — Same as above only semi-double, buds copper, flowers yellow. Very fragrant.



Cl. Am. Beauty

HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

The following perennials are all freshly dug, strong two-year roots that are sure to bloom the first season.

ACHILLEA (The Pearl) — 1 ft. Pure white double flowers all summer. Good for cutting and drying. **25c each.**

ANTHEMIS (Hardy Marguerite) — 2 ft. Daisy-like yellow blossoms produced all summer. Excellent for cutting. Thrifty grower. **25c each.**

ASTERS (New Dwarf) — Without exception, everyone who sees these new dwarf Asters, imported from England, admires them. The blooming season starts in September and lasts until frost. There are literally hundreds of blooms in the most delicate shades of Lavender, Pink and Lilac. They are truly dwarf, rarely exceeding 1 foot.

Lilac Time — Deep violet blue.

Snow Fairy — Lovely double white.

Blooming size plants, 50c each.

BABY BREATH (Bristol Fairy) — 2 ft. A grated form of Baby Breath producing full double white flowers all summer. Should be in every perennial garden. **2 year plants, 75c each.**

BABY BREATH (Repens) — Dwarf pinkish white. Splendid in rockeries. **25c each.**

BABY BREATH (Statice, sea lavender) — 2 ft. Dense, branching plumes of deep blue flowers. Splendid for use in bouquets and drying. **50c each.**

BLEEDING HEART — Its long racemes of graceful, heart-shaped pink flowers are always attractive. It is perfectly at home in sun or shade. Blooming size plants, **\$1.00 each.**

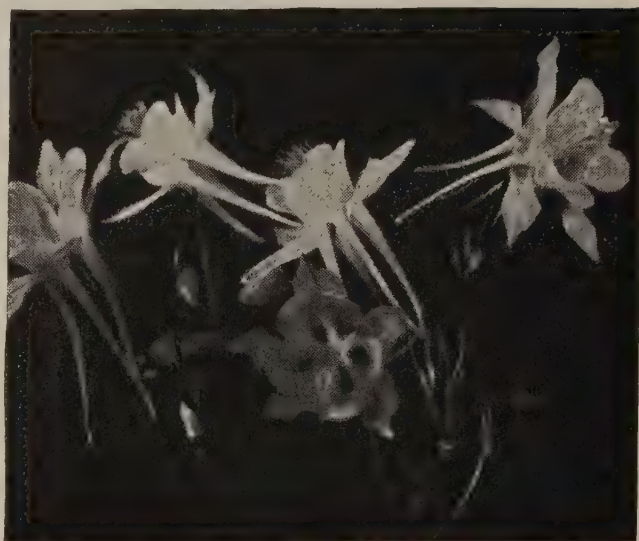
BLUE FLAX (Linum) — 1 ft. A desirable plant for the border or rockery. Covered all summer with blue flowers. **25c each.**

COREOPSIS — 2 ft. Large, orange yellow flowers on long graceful stems. About the best yellow cutting flower. Blooms all summer. **25c each.**

COREOPSIS (Double Sunburst) — Double flowers, golden-yellow. Blooms all summer. **20-30 inch, 50c each.**

COLUMBINE (Aquilegia) — 2-3 ft. A wonderful mixture containing all the beautiful tints and tones and color combinations. Long spurred, mixed colors. **25c each.**

DELPHINIUM (English Hybrids) — 4-5 ft. This variety produces spikes of semi-double light and dark blue flowers. **25c each.**



Columbine

GAILLARDIA (Blanket flower) — 1-2 ft. In lovely shades of orange, yellow and red, blooms all summer and fall. **25c each.**

HIBISCUS (Mallow) — 4 ft. Shrub-like plants with handsome green foliage, bearing throughout summer large, bright flowers, from 3 to 5 inches in diameter. August-September. Very hardy. White. **50c each.**

IRIS — New spring and fall blooming varieties listed on page 16.

The Famous Cushion Mums

The new low-growing Mums, forming mounds of blooms, reminding one of the old-fashioned Azalea. The plants grow about 18 inches high and have a spread of about 2 feet. All late summer and fall they are literally covered with hundreds of flowers.

BRONZE CUSHION (New) — Reddish-bronze flowers turning to bronze yellow. A thing of beauty. **40c each.**

WHITE CUSHION (New) — Flowers open a very delicate pink turning to snow white. **40c each.**

PINK CUSHION — This variety was the first color in the Cushion Mums to be introduced and is still the most popular of all. **40c each.**

ORIENTAL POPPY — See page 16.

PERENNIAL SWEET PEA (Lathyrus) — A perennial form of the annual variety. Very decorative. Bloom all summer. Hardy. Assorted colors. **25c each.**

PAINTED DAISY — Colorful pink and white daisy-like flowers. Profuse bloomers. **25c each.**



Phlox

PHLOX (Hardy Perennial) — Phlox are a garden in themselves, succeed in almost any soil and position, and flower freely for many years. **40c each.**

Africa — Brilliant carmen red.

Beacon — Cherry red.

Border Gem — Deep purple.

Daily Sketch — Large pink, pink eye.

Feurbrand — Brilliant orange scarlet.

Jules Sandeau — Large clear pink.

Mrs. Jenkins — Pure white.

Starlight — Blue, white eye.



Platycodon

PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower) — 2 ft. Large, handsome, deep blue flowers. **25c each.**

PENTSTEMON (Garnet) — A new hardy strain which blooms from June until

stopped by frost. Rich garnet color, good for cutting. **50c each.**

PERENNIAL SPIREA — Fern-like evergreen foliage, creamy-white flowers borne on stems about a foot above foliage. Good for rockery. **40c each.**

SALVIA — 4 ft. Makes a grand showing in the fall and without doubt one of the best blue autumn flowering perennials. **25c each.**



Shasta Daisy

SHASTA DAISY — 2 ft. Wonderful show of large white flowers, fine for cutting. **25c each.**

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker) — An unusual perennial, spikes of bloom throughout summer of orange-scarlet flowers. Needs winter protection. **50c each.**

VINCA (Creeping Myrtle) — Best, hardy, evergreen ground cover. Covered in spring with light blue flowers. Fine for rockeries. **25c each.**

YELLOW DAY LILY — A fine early-blooming perennial, producing bright yellow lily-like flowers the latter part of May. **35c each.**

YUCCA (Adam's Needle) — 4-5 ft. Sword-like evergreen foliage. Handsome creamy white flowers, much branched and densely packed with bloom. July. **50c each.**

Where the each price only is given, the dozen price will be charged for at the ten rate, thus giving two plants free.

DOUBLE PEONIES



We specialize in growing peonies. Our plants are young, free from disease, and blooming size. This means that most always our large divisions will bloom the first year. Peonies should be planted in full sun exposure, and the eyes should be covered, when planting, with not more than one inch of dirt. We do not recommend the use of manure when planting. The following list contains many of the best old as well as new varieties.

AVALANCHE—8.7. Late midseason, double type. Fine milk-white, very narrow crimson edge to a few petals. Medium height, good bloomer. **\$1.00 each.**

BALL O' COTTON — 8.8. Late midseason, very full double. The petals are incurved, forming a large compact white ball. A few of the petals have crimson wire edge. Medium height; moderately floriferous. **\$1.00 each.**

BARONESS SCHROEDER — 9.0. Late midseason. One of the finest whites. Very large flowers of rich soft white. Free blooming, strong stems. **\$1.00 each.**

CHARLEMAGNE—Late. Dark pink, bomb type; blooms in clusters on tall stems. **\$1.00 each.**

DARKNESS — Early midseason. Dark maroon with darker shadings at the base of petals, golden stamens. Loose double type. **\$1.00 each.**

DORCHESTER — Early midseason. Large compact rose type, pale hydrangea pink. Fragrant. **\$1.00 each.**

DUCHESS OF ORLEANS — Late. Extremely large, full double shell pink. Good cut flower. **\$1.00 each.**

EDULIS SUPERBA — Early mid-season. Bright, clear mauve-pink. Very popular. **\$1.00 each.**

FELIX CROUSSE — 8.4. Late midseason, double type. Brilliant crimson, even tone with silky luster. Fragrant. One of our most beautiful and popular reds. Good cut flower. **\$1.50 each.**

FESTIVA MAXIMA—9.3. Early. Immense flowers of pure white, prominent crimson flakes on a few central petals. Very tall; floriferous. Originated in 1851 and still very popular. Good cut flower. **\$1.50 each.**

GOLDEN DAWN—8.43. Midseason. Anemone type. High yellow center with guard petals of ivory. **\$1.50 each.**

JAMES KELWAY—8.7. Midseason, large, semi-double. Opening delicate lavender pink fading to pure white. **\$1.00 each.**

PEONIES (Continued)

JUBILEE — 8.9. Midseason. Enormous large white flowers of great beauty. \$1.50 each.

KARL ROSENFELD — 8.8. Midseason, double type. Very bright crimson, clear color. Free blooming, lasts a long time. One of the best reds. \$1.00 each.

LONGFELLOW — 9.0. Midseason. A fine double rich crimson that does not fade. \$1.00 each.

MARIE JACQUIN — 8.3. Midseason. Delicate flesh-pink flowers giving way to lilac-white. Free bloomer. \$1.00 each.

MARTHA BULLOCK — 9.1. Late. Gigantic cup-shaped blooms often 10 inches across, exquisite soft shell pink with outer petals shading to silvery shell pink. Fragrant, free bloomer, strong, erect stems. Perhaps the finest quality of any peony of such immense size. \$2.00 each.

MONS. JULES ELIE — 9.2. Early double type. Light rose pink, center incurved and silvered with grayish pink. Tall, free bloomer. \$1.50 each.

OFFICINALIS RUBRA — 8.6. Very early. The Decoration Day peony. Double clear red. Free bloomer. \$2.00 each.

PRINCESS MATHILDE — 7.5. Bright China pink. Early and free bloomer. Extra fine. \$1.00 each.

QUEEN VICTORIA — Early midseason, large, very fragrant, center light lemon, outer guard petals white. A very fine peony. \$1.00 each.

RUBRA SUPERBA — 7.2. Rich brilliant crimson, very large, full and double. Highly fragrant and one of the best late reds. \$1.00 each.

SARAH BERNHARDT — 9.0. Late. Very large well-formed blooms of clear pink with each petal silver tipped. Fragrant, free bloomer, strong grower \$2.50 each.

SOLANGE — 9.7. Late. Beautiful and distinctive. Rich creamy white suffused buff and salmon. Invariably a prize winner. \$1.00 each.

THERESE — 9.8. Midseason. Very large, rich satiny pink paling to lilac-lavender in center. Fragrant, very free blooming, vigorous grower, a very fine peony. \$3.00 each.

IRIS

IRIS (German)—Avoid planting too deep, barely covering the rhizomes (creeping root stems) being sufficient. They are great drought resisters. "S" refers to standards, "F" to falls.

BLUE HILL — S. and F. Brilliant blue self color. 25c each.

CORONATION — S. and F. Large golden yellow. 25c each.

DEPUTE NOMBLOTE — S. Coppery red, F. Claret crimson. Very large. 25c each.

ENCHANTMENT — S. and F. Deep red self color. Tall grower and very large. 25c each.

INDIAN CHIEF—S. Pinkish-red. F. Wine red. 25c each.

MINIATURE DWARF IRIS — Purple and red. 25c each; \$2.50 per 12.

RED DOMINION — Oxblood red. A new and very popular variety. 25c each.

ROSE PETAL — Deep pink, very large flowers. 25c each.

SENSATION — Rich blue self. 25c each.

FREDA MOHR — A giant fragrant lavender. Don't overlook this one. 25c each.

WM. MOHR—Probably the most remarkable hybrid ever raised. S. and F. are both lilac, veined dark violet. 75c each.

NEW DAWN — S. and F. light grey. Fine. 25c each.

ISOLENE — Blend of buff, cinnamon and violet. 25c each.

MORNING SPLENDOR — S. and F. rich deep red. One of the best. Fragrant. 25c each.

Assorted Darwin & Parrott Tulips—Write for prices.

GORGEOUS POPPIES

Fall Planting Suggested — Aug. 15th to Sept. 15th

ORIENTAL POPPY — 2-3 ft. Tremendous cup-shaped blooms of brightest colors with large, purplish black blotches at base of petals.

PINK — Lively rose-pink without black markings. Handsome dark green foliage. Lower in growth. 50c each.

PHENOMENAL — Unusual watermelon red. Flowers of immense size with crinkled edge. Tall grower, and one of the best new varieties. \$1.00 each.

PERRY'S WHITE — Satiny white. 50c each.

BRILLIANT ORANGE — Popular variety. 25c each.



Regal Lily

LILY BULBS

MADONNA — Immense clusters of large, pure white, fragrant flowers in June on stems 3-5' tall. Latter part of August or September is the better planting time. Our bulbs are extra large. 60c each, 3 for \$1.50.

REGAL — Very large white flowers, suffused pink with canary-yellow throat. Very fragrant, blooms in June-July on stems 3-4' tall. Planting depth 5". Can be transplanted in spring or fall. 60c each, 3 for \$1.50.



HARDY VINES

Strong Two Year Plants

AKEBIA (Quintata) — A perfectly hardy, fast-growing vine, with magnificent foliage never attracted by insects; producing chocolate-purple flowers in large clusters, delightfully fragrant. **\$1.00 each.**

BOSTON IVY—Small heart shaped leaves, naturally clings to stucco and brick. Most beautiful fall colorings. Thrives exceptionally well on the east, west and south. Very fine. **2 yr., \$1.00 each.**

HALL'S JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE — This is the old-fashioned, sweet-scented, yellow and white flowering honeysuckle. Retains foliage late in fall. **75c each.**



Goldflame Honeysuckle

NEW GOLD FLAME HONEYSUCKLE — Remarkable for large size and distinct appearance of its flowers, crimson-carmine without and golden apricot inside. Very beautiful and fragrant, in bloom from the middle of June until the coming of frost. **75c each.**

SCARLET TRUMPET HONEYSUCKLE — Deep red, trumpet shaped flowers. Produced over a long season. Almost an evergreen. **75c each.**

ENGLEMANI IVY — Similar to Virginia Creeper, only leaves are smaller and its tendrils cling to brick, rock and stucco walls without support. Very hardy. **75c each.**

CLEMATIS (Mme. Edouard Andre) — A popular hybrid with reddish-purple flowers. Prefers a sheltered location and good drainage. 2 yr. plants, **\$1.50 each.**

CLEMATIS (Jackmani) — Flowers are large, intense violet-purple. Remarkable for its velvety richness. Abundant bloomer. Possibly the most beautiful flowering vine grown. **\$1.25 each.**

CLEMATIS (Paniculata)—The small flowering sweet-scented Japan Clematis. One of the most vigorous of all climbers. Producing clouds of small pure-white flowers in late fall. **75c each.**

SILVER LACE VINE — This vine outsells any other vine we grow. Free from disease, very rapid grower. Light green foliage, producing all summer, clusters of foamy white flowers, giving it a remarkable lace-like effect. Very hardy. Excellent results the first year. **2 yr., \$1.00 each.**

Where the each price only is given, the dozen price will be charged for at the ten rate, thus giving two plants free.

HEDGING

JAPAN BARBERRY (Berberis Thunbergi)—Dwarf growing, uniformly bushy and rounded in form. **12-15 inch — 25 plants, \$6.00; 100 plants, \$22.00.**

ENGLISH PRIVET — A very hardy, popular privet. **SOLD OUT** Deep green leaves, rapid grower. **2 yr., 3-5 canes — 25c each; 50, \$10.00; 100, \$18.50.**

Plant a Hedge for Protection, Privacy and Beauty

CURRANTS AND GOOSEBERRIES

Prices: Each — 50c; 12 — \$5.00

CURRENT (Perfection) — The popular large, bright red variety. Large 2 yr. plants.

CHAMPION GOOSEBERRY—Extra large, smooth, prolific and hardy. Free from mildew. Best gooseberry we know of. 2 year plants.

GRAPES

Strong 2-year plants. Price: Each — 50c; 12 — \$5.00

CACO — Best hardy red grape, large, juicy and delicious.

CONCORD — The great market grape. A large black grape the standard of productiveness and hardiness.

DELAWARE RED—Small tight bunches, thin skinned, very sweet, prolific and hardy.

FREDONIA—A very early-ripening black grape. Very productive, excellent quality and highly recommended for inter-mountain planting.

WHITE NIAGARA — The most popular white grape in existence; fruit large and very productive, a good grower and hardy.

WORDEN—Black, two weeks earlier than Concord, very hardy. Sweet. Highly recommended.



STRAWBERRIES

USE THIS BLANK FOR STRAWBERRY ORDERS ONLY

NAME: _____

CITY: _____ STATE: _____ ADDRESS: _____

BOX
R.F.D.
STREET

Strawberry plants are very scarce this Spring. We are pleased to offer the following two varieties, which we consider leaders. Choice, well rooted No. 1 plants.

DORSETT (Spring bearing) — A heavy producer of bright red berries. Large size and fine quality. No green ends. Unsurpassed for home use.

NEW GEM (Everbearing) — Fruit of excellent quality. A heavy cropper. Enough fruit the first Fall to more than pay cost of plants.

PRICES for either variety: 25—\$1.15; 50—\$2.15; 75—\$3.15; 100—\$4.15

QUANTITY	VARIETY	PRICE
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

TOTAL \$

Cash with order — please — We'll ship at proper time in the Spring.

We cannot hold strawberry plants in storage. They are dug and shipped Parcel Post PREPAID.

RASPBERRIES

Every family having as much as a single city lot should plant red raspberries. There is no other fruit that will give as great returns. Even so few as a dozen plants, well cared for, will provide a small family with several pints of luscious raspberries every day during the fruiting season.

LATHAM — This remarkable and very desirable variety is certified Mosaic-free. Berries large, round and a brilliant red in color. Splendid shipping variety. 10 plants, \$1.00; 50, \$4.50; 100, \$8.00.

COLUMBIAN (Purple) — Very large, dark purple color. Rich and sweet with few seeds. Excellent for jam. A fine raspberry that will not sucker. 1 yr. — 10, \$1.00; 50, \$4.50; 100, \$8.00.

CUMBERLAND (Blackcap) — Healthy, vigorous grower, producing heavy crops of jet black, sweet berries. Best black variety. Very profitable. Mid-season. 1 yr. — 10 plants, \$1.00; 50, \$4.50; 100, \$8.00.

LA FRANCE (Everbearing) — This new and remarkable variety is free from



La France Raspberries

disease, hardy and acceptable everywhere. Fruit dark red, of the largest size, very sweet, excellent canner and shipper. This wonderful berry produces a very heavy crop on the old canes at the proper season and another crop on the new growth in the fall. We highly recommend this variety as being the best everbearing raspberry we have ever seen, and one that should be included in every home garden. 10 plants, \$1.00; 50, \$4.50; 100, \$8.00.

ROOTS

RHUBARB (Ruby Red) — This is the new giant, early, tender, dark red rhubarb. We believe it to be the best rhubarb grown. Each, 75c.

ASPARAGUS (Martha Washington) — The favorite of the spring garden. 2 year plants, rustproof, very early. 25—\$1.50; 50—\$2.50; 100—\$4.00.

BOYSENBERRY AND DEWBERRY

BOYSENBERRY — The greatest vine berry yet developed. Distinctive, luscious flavor, very large fruit. Excellent for jams, jellies, fresh, canned or pies. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.50.

LUCRETIA DEWBERRY (Creeping Blackberry) — Fruit very large, jet black, superb quality, ripens in August. Hardy. 10 plants, 75c.

THORNLESS BOYSENBERRY — Same quality and habit as the common variety but with the added advantage of being thornless. This variety has been extremely scarce in the past and we are fortunate in having a few to offer this year. Place your order early. 30c each; 12, \$3.00; 50, \$11.00; 100, \$20.00.

FRUIT TREE DEPARTMENT

Our new **5-IN-1 APPLE** listed at left \$4.00 each

All other fruit trees **STRONG No. 1**, well branched and well rooted at \$1.50 each

APPLES

5-IN-1 APPLE TREE

PRICE: Heavy 3 yr. trees, \$4.00 each.

This tree has 5 different varieties of Apples, all on one tree. They are:

YELLOW TRANSPARENT, for early summer.

WHITNEY No. 20, for late summer.

WEALTHY, for fall.

JONATHAN, for late fall and winter.

DBL. RED DELICIOUS, for winter.

This is the tree for those who want several kinds of apples but have limited space. Plant one in your back yard.



Double Red Delicious

Summer Varieties

EARLY HARVEST — Pale yellow, tender, juicy. August.

RED ASTRACHAN — Large, deep crimson. July.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT — Earliest and best of early kinds.

RED JUNE — Medium size, red, flesh white. July.

Autumn Varieties

GRAVENSTEIN — Yellow, red striped, very large. September.

WEALTHY — Large, bright red, hardy and free grower. September.

SNOW — Deep red, white flesh, excellent. September.

Winter Varieties

BANANA — Large, golden yellow. Ripens November.

DELICIOUS (Double red) — Large, brilliant red. Probably the best dessert apple grown. Late fall.

JONATHAN — Medium red, extra quality. November.

McINTOSH RED — Medium, deepest crimson, the highest quality. October.

GRIMES GOLDEN — Rich golden, flesh juicy and tender. November.

ROME BEAUTY — Large, shaded red. Good quality and long keeper. November.

RED ROME BEAUTY — Same in shipping and keeping qualities as Rome Beauty but has a deep red color which makes it a good commercial sort. October.

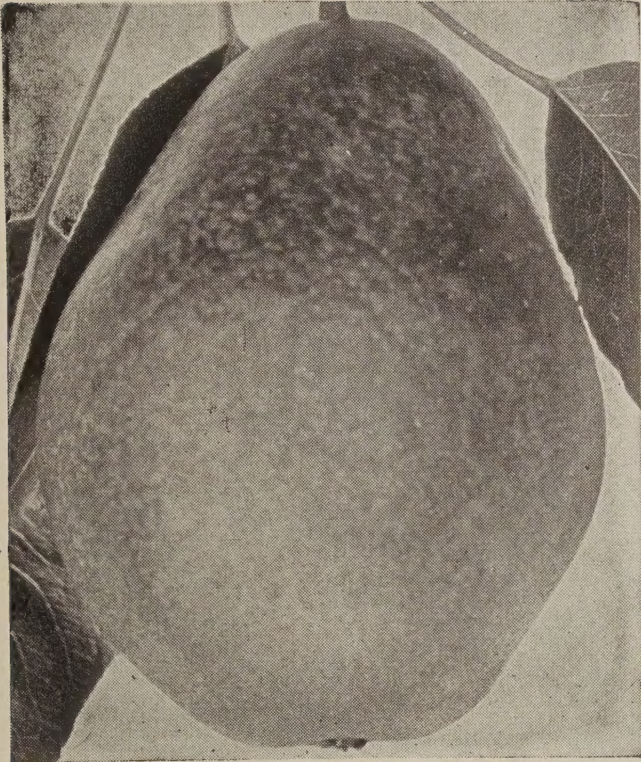
WINTER PEARMAN — Medium, pale yellow. November.

CRABAPPLES

HYSLOP — Dark red. Ripens in September.

TRANSCENDENT — Brownish yellow. September.

WHITNEY No. 20 — Fruit large, red, striped with yellow, very hardy. September.



Bartlett Pear

PEARS

FLEMISH BEAUTY — Fruit large, red blush, tree very hardy, annual bearer. September.

BARTLETT — Fruit large, clear lemon yellow, highly flavored, juicy, very popular for eating and canning. September.

B. BOSC — Fruit long and pointed, clear yellow with red blush. Good eating and canning variety. Unexcelled for shipping. An exceptionally hardy variety, standing extreme cold temperatures. October.

PEACHES

ALEXANDER — Earliest semi-cling, white flesh. Juicy. July.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY (Freestone) — Large, yellow, very good quality. Excellent for canning. August.

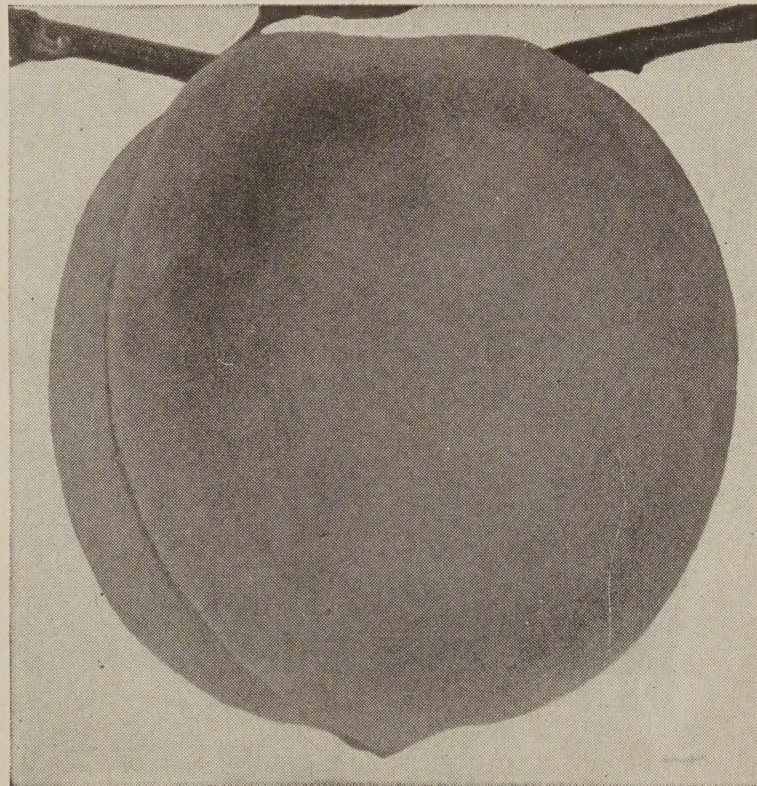
HALEHAVEN — Large reddish-yellow. Freestone. Cross between J. H. Hale and South Haven. Ripens two weeks before Elberta. Excellent.

ELBERTA (Freestone) — Large oval, yellow with red cheek, flesh yellow. Ripens in September.

EARLY ELBERTA — About 10 days earlier than the regular Elberta. Excellent flavor and good canner.

J. H. HALE (Freestone) — Surpassing Elberta in size and color. Solid, free from stringiness, excellent flavor, good keeper and excellent shipper. Coming commercial Peach. September.

GOLDEN JUBILEE — A new introduction to the Peach family. Size large, golden yellow with red blush. Yellow flesh of extra fine texture, juicy with exquisite flavor. Ripens two to three weeks before Elberta.



Golden Jubilee Peach

APRICOTS AND NECTARINES

ROYAL — Small, yellow, good quality. Ripens in July.

MOOREPARK — Very large, yellow with red cheek. Freestone. Late June.

WENATCHEE — Improved Moorepark,

not stringy, of excellent quality. Good canner. Late June.

NECTARINE (Quetta) — This delicious hybrid fruit bears well where Peaches thrive. Quetta is considered the leader of Nectarines.

PLUMS AND PRUNES

SATSUMA — Fine large plum, red meat, red juice, pit exceedingly small. Delicious flavor. Ripens in July.

PEACH PLUM — Good size, brownish-red, sweet, very popular. July.

BURBANK — Large, dark red, flesh orange, fine for market. July.

DAMSON — Medium, dark blue, excellent for preserves. Hardy. July.

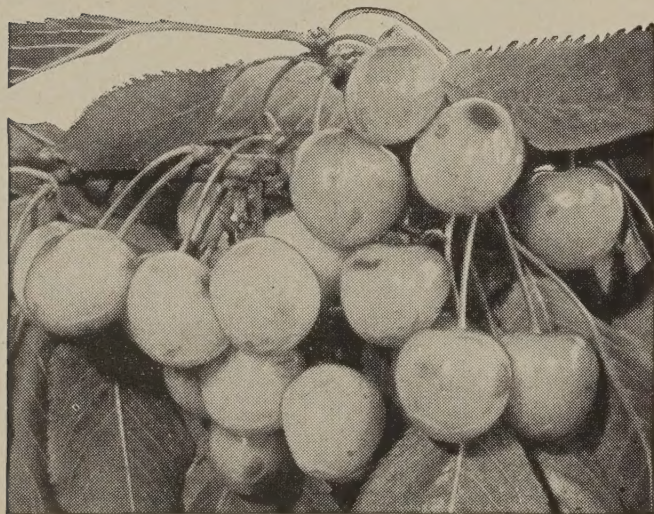
ITALIAN — Large, oval, purple, juicy, best commercial sort. September.

IMPROVED FRENCH PRUNE (Sugar) — Reddish-purple, very sweet. Hardy. August.

YELLOW EGG — Large clear yellow egg-shaped plum. Very sweet. Abundant bearer.



CHERRIES



Montmorency Cherries

Sour Cherries

EARLY RICHMOND — Medium, bright red. Ripens in July.

LARGE MONTMORENCY — Large, productive, leading commercial variety. July.

DUKE — Late (Semi-sweet) — Very dark red when ripe, juicy, rich flavor. Late July.

Sweet Cherries

BING — Very large, almost black, one of the best market cherries. Meat firm, sweet and exceedingly well flavored. About one week earlier than Lambert. July.

LAMBERT — Fully equal to Bing, both as a home and commercial variety. Fruit very large, heart-shaped. Firm flesh and rich sweet flavor. Less subject to frost injury than any other sweet variety. July.

BLACK TARTARIAN — Medium size, purplish-black, sweet. July. Best pollenizer for Bing and Lambert.

ROYAL ANN — Large, pale yellow with red cheek. Good canner. July.

GOLD — Large, golden yellow, very sweet. Thrifty grower.

BUSINESS INFORMATION

(Please Read Before Ordering)

Remittances

Should be made by Post Office or Express Money Order, bank draft, or check. Small amounts will be accepted in postage stamps.

Our Prices

Are F.O.B. Kimberly, Idaho. Berry bushes, shrubs, vines, perennials and roses are sent parcel post. When ordering, add 10% of total order for postage. Sometimes this is too much, sometimes not enough, but the average is about right. *All larger trees and mixed orders of larger trees, shrubs, roses, etc., will be sent by express, F.O.B. Kimberly, Idaho. Send no money for express charges.*

Our Guarantee

All goods guaranteed true to name as labeled, any proving otherwise will be replaced free or purchase price refunded.

We pack our product in the latest and most approved manner and guarantee delivery in good and proper transplanting condition. Any claims for error, damage, or omission, must be made immediately upon receipt of shipment and proper adjustment will be made promptly. Responsibility rests with all customers to examine carefully upon arrival as we can assume no liability for failure to grow after nursery stock has been accepted and planted.

Our Location

Our modern packing plant and home grounds are located on the Highway in the North City limits of Kimberly; our nursery stock is grown at the nursery, three-quarters of a mile east of our packing plant. Kimberly is in Twin Falls County, six miles east of Twin Falls, Idaho, on U. S. Highway No. 30. Visitors are always welcome.

"HOW FAR APART SHALL I PLANT?"

The correct distance apart to plant is often a problem to planters. There are no set rules for this, but with our years of experience in planting and growing, we are glad to suggest advisable distances to our customers, which will work out very satisfactorily in every way.

Apple Trees	25 to 40 ft. apart
Cherry Trees	15 to 18 ft. apart
Plum Trees	12 to 15 ft. apart
Pear Trees	15 to 18 ft. apart
Peach Trees	16 to 18 ft. apart
Grapes	6 to 8 ft. apart
Currants and Gooseberries..	3 to 4 ft. apart
Raspberries	4 by 6 ft. apart
Blackberries	3 by 5 ft. apart

Spring-Bearing Strawberries

(Field) 1½ by 3½ ft. apart

Everbearing Strawberries

(Field) 1 by 3½ ft. apart

Strawberries (Garden).... 1½ by 1½ ft. apart

Asparagus (in beds)..... 1 by 1½ ft. apart

Asparagus (in field)..... 1 by 3 ft. apart

HOW TO DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO AN ACRE

Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the trees or plants are apart in the row, and the product will give the number of square feet that each tree or plant will occupy; then divide this number into the number of square feet in an acre (43,560), and it will give you the number of trees or plants to the acre.



BLUE ASH

FOR DESCRIPTION, SEE PAGE 5

KIMBERLY NURSERIES

LOYD K. WRIGHT, *Manager*

One of the Northwest's Leading Nurseries

KIMBERLY, IDAHO